ZECH BUSIN

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Auto erotic



Automaker Toyota Peugeot Citroen Automobile (TPCA) hit a slight bump in the road when a Web-savvy entrepreneur decided to build a porn site using the company's logo.

BY SEAN B. CARNEY

Just when the heads of TPCA thought they had enough on their hands trying to hire another 1,000 workers for after production is launched in March, they now find themselves locked in a legal battle over a pornographic Web site bearing the company's name. The Franco-Japanese joint car venture the largest greenfield investment in the country's history - has now summoned its lawyers to try to wrestle what it considers its rightful Web address, www.tpca.cz, from a Websavvy entrepreneur trying to cash in on the company's presence in the

New rules have been introduced to curb the prevalence of cyber squatting - registering a domain name specifically for the purpose of selling it to the company that considers itself the rightful owner. And TPCA is hoping that it can get a preliminary injunction this week to shut down a site that, instead of cars, shows scantily clad "TPCA" girls - Theresa, Pauline,

Cynthia and Adriana. These are not the models that TPCA wants potential customers to be focusing on.

The controversy dates back to 2002, when the name of the smallcar venture was announced. The corporate abbreviation TPCA was quickly bought up in the .cz as well as in the .com domain. In both cases, the owners of the URLs are speculative buyers who hope to sell the Internet addresses to the car maker - the owner is asking \$10,000 (Kč 230,332) for tpca.com and, according to TPCA spokesman Matěj Matolín, the owner of tpca.cz, a Prague Web designer, wants an "incredible" Kč 500,000 (€ 16,500).

When the cyber squatters offered the domain names to the car maker, it refused to deal. TPCA instead registered the inaccurate topa.cz and the unwieldy tpca-cz.cz.

Fast forward to late 2004, and Jan Vopička, the Web designer who owns tpca.cz, upped the ante on the car maker by changing the Web site from see TPCA p15

Dewey Ballantine office ditches **U.S.** moniker

BY PETRA PASTERNAK

Where's Dewey Ballantine?

According to local sources in the legal community, the New York-based law firm has closed its Prague office. Dewey has at least scaled back its Prague presence this month, when three longtime associates took over the office as partners and shed the Dewey name. The new name of the office is Kotrlík Bourgeault Andruško.

But headquarters and the firm's local lawyers are downplaying the shift, pointing out that the change at their office is not that dramatic. Both sides say close cooperation continues.

The New York office issued a brief official statement, stressing that Dewey Ballantine, which has 550 lawyers worldwide, continues to serve global clients through its Prague, Warsaw and London offices. "Dewey Ballantine has not closed its Prague office," said see Dewey p04

Travel deal may end in lawsuit

BY PETRA PASTERNAK

A much-trumpeted deal merging the Marco Polo International and CK Fischer travel companies has apparently dissolved into threats of legal action.



The Marco Polo-Fischer deal crashed

Marco Polo minority shareholder Jarmila Muchová plans to file an unfair competition suit against both companies with the

see Atlantik p15

Z targets Temelín

IS INHISTONE

looking to complete a cost-cutogram this year at its two plants, Temelin and Duthat would reduce average tion costs by Kč 100 crowns/ or around 10 percent of the sale price of its electricity.

enek Linhart, the operating of ČEZ's nuclear division, budget for 2005 was based eting the cost-cutting target lly set in 2004. The main ge to cut costs comes from the and more controversial plant, which has experienced



hutdowns required

ms such as the failure of the mer in the first block and that cooling system in the second ast year, resulting in expensive seen shutdowns. Temelin's secock was again shut down for days from Jan. 8 following a the cooling system.

he older Dukovany plant prosome of the cheapest electrici-Europe, according to ČEZ, but mpany has identified room for shere as well.

everal projects to cuts costs been incorporated in this year's t, including reducing the numdays either plant is shut down utine maintenance. ČEZ mancount on reducing Dukovany's current average of being off line 32 days a year to 25-28. Getting more consistent production at Temelín is a bigger challenge. The first block of the reactor was scheduled to be out of operation for 93 days last year and was actually shut down for 109. The second block was scheduled to be out of action for 60 days and was eventually closed for 81 days.

Savings of around Kč 16/MWh are envisaged at Dukovany as the result of an ongoing modernization program to boost production capacity by around 41 MW. Part of the program involves improving the turbines. The downside is that the reactor would run at a basic load level while changes are made. A similar output boost at Temelín would also be possible. ČEZ will also benchmark its nuclear operations with those in other European countries.

Separately, ČEZ should decide this month what sort of re-fit to undertake at the 35-year-old, 800 MW capacity brown-coal burning Tušimice plant in northern Bohemia.ČEZ has three re-fit scenarios: a conservative plan that would leave technical operations and efficiency largely unchanged; a standard upgrade that would boost its electricity production efficiency to current industry norms of around 40 percent; and a refit using the Best Available Technology that would increase efficiency to 40.5 percent. The starting costs for the plans are around Kč 1 billion. Following the Tušimice project, ČEZ will have to carry out a similar evaluation of re-fit options for its nearby Prunéřov plant, its largest coal plant, with a production capacity of 1,050 MW.

ČEZ bosses expect to approve construction of at least one new coalfired plant this year. Počerady north Bohemia is one of the favorite sites for a new plant, but ČEZ is toying with foreign destinations as well. ■ LAW FIRMS

Dewey to keep presence

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a firm spokesman who wished to remain anonymous. "We've merely changed the nature of our legal relationship with the office and it is now treated as an associate office."

Dewey doesn't expect to lose clients as a result of the restructuring. But the global firm isn't the first to reassess its position on the hyper-competitive Czech market. Legal insiders say reasons for such a split are many. Commonly it is a decision from headquarters that clients can be serviced just as well through a partnership and without a direct local presence. Other times offices break off because of internal conflicts between headquarters and partners here, with expectations clashing because of geographical distance.

The partners didn't want to give details on the reason for the split, but said the office is doing well and gearing up for growth. Petr Kotrlik, a former managing partner of Dewey Ballantine in Prague and now managing partner of the new office, said that restructuralization is happening, but that it "certainly doesn't mean the exit of Dewey Ballantine from this market."

He said the office is staffed by the same people and work continues for the same clients. The new office's marketing materials will continue to use the Dewey Ballantine name. "The tie remains," he said. "What it means for us is a more flexible relationship with clients," Kotrlík added.

Partner Martin Bourgeault said the firm now can be more flexible in its billing practices, with the ability to introduce fees based on success and caps. Dewey closed a successful 2004 and Bourgeault expects better days to come, especially if some of the deals Dewey Ballantine worked on last year come to fruition. The firm represented Polish petrochemical company PKN Orlen in its \$505 million (Kč 11.63 billion/€ 382 million) acquisition of Czech Unipetrol and advised Central Media Enterprises in its \$642 million takeover of TV Nova.

What's in a name?

Dewey Ballantine isn't the first to scale back in favor of servicing its clients through a local partner office. In 2003, Freshfields Bruckhaus Deringer and U.S. firm Skadden Arps Slate Meagher & Flom pulled out of the market altogether. Freshfields' split gave rise to the firm Vejmelka & Wünsch, which works in large part for Freshfields' clients.

But some lawyers say giving up a well-known moniker for independence can be double-edged. Josef Vejmelka, a name partner with Vejmelka & Wünsch, said the transition is easier if the office has a strong base of long-term clients. "We didn't know what effect it would have on our current clients," he said. "But we were pleasantly surprised. We didn't lose a single one," he said.

But there is a flip side to losing the big name. Vejmelka said acquisitions of major new projects become tougher when the new office has to do it on its own. "Unfortunately, many clients, international and Czech both, make decisions based on name. Their impression is that the name is important," he said.

He said that current Dewey clients have to ask themselves what the change means in practical terms for them and how important it is to work with a firm that carries a label with a global reputation. "For many clients, it doesn't mean much," Vejmelka said.

